

2022 ECSPM SYMPOSIUM

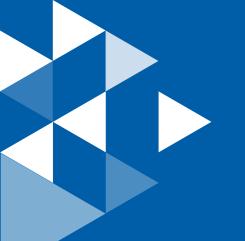
## Language(s) and the construction of knowledge in European HE

8-9 April 2022

# Programme abstracts & speakers

The event is hosted by the Centre of Excellence – Permanent Linguistic Observatory for Italian and Immigrant Languages







## INTRODUCTORY NOTE

A follow-up of the 2021 Symposium on Multilingualism in Higher Education, this year's event is also concerned with HE in Europe, where, despite the different traditions and conditions of the educational systems, the language of pedagogy and partcipiation remain by and large monolingual, facilitated by explicit and implicit language policies. What is more, scholarship, epistemology and academic publishing follow a monolingual discursive paradigm.

Monolingualism in universities and technological institutions, even when it involves both the official state language and English (which is commonly used in a monolingual fashion) contravenes contemporary multilingual societies and the multilingual turn in education on a global scale. Thus, it raises a series of issues that eminent speakers and discussants from Europe, Australia, Asia and the Americas will problematise as they turn attention during this year's symposium to the relationship between language(s), mono-/multilingualism and the construction of disciplinary knowledge, as well as disciplinary discourses in linguistics that shape ideologies towards language/discourse hybridity or purism and contribute to sustaining or changing one's understanding of how strict the boundaries between languages, language varieties and other semiotic modes are. While several contributors will position themselves in favour of using multi-/ plurilingual and pluri-/multisemiotic approaches in disciplinary literacy instruction and pedagogy, in communication, research, and scientific production, there will also be argumentation in favour of helping non anglophone scholars forced to produce in a globalised academia that privileges English to develop the necessary literacy to publish internationally and bring their knowledge into global scholarship. Questions will also be raised regarding language and the construction of academic knowledge, English and the colonisation of knowledge.

The Englishisation of academic studies was discussed in our previous symposium but it will continue to be a subject of concern in this event because it is a pressing issue on account of an increasing number of universities and technological institutions aiming at internationalisation so that they can be competitive players in the global market, access prominent international scholars, profit from fee-paying students, receive high world rankings for quality assurance, and so on.

The issues above are related to the questions that participants will seek answers to - issues having to do with 'multilingual speakers' in monolingual academic spaces (this often means speakers of languages other than English in anglophone institutions or EMI programmes, with the effects of mono-/multilingual disciplinary knowledge on whom and for what purposes, and the construction of scientific knowledge multilingually.

Fully aware and critical of our own practices at ECSPM symposia, we are happy that in this year's symposium Italian and French will also be used alongside English, and we are most thankful for having been granted access to the automatic live speech transcription and translation into 42 languages developed in the framework of ELITR (http:// elitr.eu/), a project funded by the EU Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Programme, under Grant Agreement No 825460.

> **Bessie Dendrinos** President of the ECSPM

### MEMBERS

ALTE (Association of Language Testers in Europe)

Babylon Center for the Study of Superdiversity, University of Tilburg, NL

Cambridge Language Sciences Interdisciplinary Research Centre, University of Cambridge, UK

CDL (Centre for Diversity & Learning), Ghent University, BE

CEM (Centre of Excellence for Multilingualism and Language Policy) University of Athens, GR

Center for Multilingualism, Universität Konstanz, DE

Centre for Research on Bilingualism, Stockholms universitet, SE.

Centre of Excellence - Permanent Linguistic Observatory for Italian Abroad and Immigrant Languages, Università per Stranieri di Siena, IT

EDiLiC (Éducation et Diversité Linguistique et Culturelle)

EEU (Europa Esperanto Unio)

EARights (European Artists' Rights)

EFNIL (European Federation of National Institutions for Language)

FIPLV (International Federation of Language Teacher Associations)

FUEN (Federal Union of European Nationalities)

GEO (Groupe d'Études orientales, slaves et néo-helléniques) Université de Strasbourg, FR GLML (Greek Language and Multilingualism Laboratory), University of Thessaly, GR GS/FL (Research Group), Katolische Universität Eichstätt-Ingolstadt, DE

ICC (The International Language Association)

Institute of Linguistics & Literary Studies Division of Multilingualism, Technische Universität Darmstadt, DE LAF (Literature Across Frontiers)

LiLPa (linguistique, langue, parole), Université de Strasbourg, FR Mercator European Research Centre on Multilingualism and Language Learning MIRCo (Center of Multilingualism, Discourse and Communication), Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, ES MRN (Multilingualism Research Network), University of Cardiff, UK NPLD (Network to Promote Linguistic Diversity)

#### PARTNERS

CCERBAL (Canadian Centre for Studies and Research in Bilingualism and Language Planning at the Official Languages and Bilingualism Institute (OLBI) of the University of Ottawa, CA)

Cracking the Language Barrier (Federation of European projects and organisations working on technologies for a multilingual Europe)

**ECML** (European Centre for Modern Languages)

LLLP (The Lifelong Learning Platform) European Civil Society for Education

#### **CURUM MEMBERS**

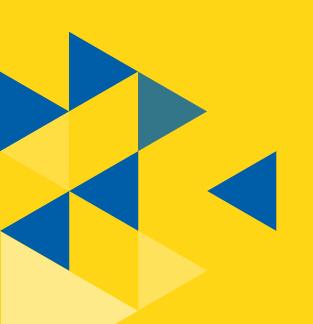
Babylon Center for the Study of Superdiversity, Tilburg University • Cambridge Language Sciences Interdisciplinary Research Centre, University of Cambridge • CCERBAL, University of Ottawa • CDL, Ghent University • Centre for Research on Bilingualism, Stockholms universitet • CEM, National and Kapodistrian University of Athens • Center for Multilingualism, University of Konstanz • Centre of Excellence - Permanent Linguistic Observatory for Italian and Immigrant Languages, Università per Stranieri di Siena • GEO, Université de Strasbourg • GLML, University of Thessaly • GS/FL, Eichstätt-Ingolstadt • Institute of Linguistics and Literary Studies, University of Darmstadt • LiLPA, Université de Strasbourg • Mercator-European Research Centre on Multilingualism and Language Learning • MIRCo, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid • MRN, University of Cardiff

## **FRIDAY 8 APRIL**

09:00 - 09:15	Guðrún Gísladóttir, ECSPM C Welcome on behalf of ECSPN
09:15 - 09:30	<b>Tomaso Montanari</b> , <i>Rector</i> Welcome on behalf of UNIST
09:30 - 09:45	Massimo Vedovelli, Director Welcome on behalf of the Ce
09:45 - 10:00	Ondřej Bojar, ELITR contribu Using a system of automatic t
	Introduction: Monica Barni
10:00 - 10:30	Bessie Dendrinos, ECSPM Pr Introduction to the symposiur
10:30 - 11:45	Joseph Lo Bianco, Internatic Writing an explicit language p Linda Fisher, Discussant
11:45 - 12:00	Coffee break
12:00 - 13:00	Yawen Han - 韩亚文, Interna Reproducing inequality while An ethnography of internatio
	Massimiliano Spotti, Discuss
13:00 - 14:00	Michele Gazzola, Invited spe Promoting multilingualism in
	Terry Lamb, Discussant
14:00 - 15:00	Lunch break
15:00 - 16:00	Irini Tsamadou-Jacoberger, Multilingualism and disciplina
	Theodoros Marinis, Discussa
16:00 - 17:00	Paul Thibault, Invited speake The linguistic imagination: Cu of languaging in the human e
	George Androulakis, Discuss
17:00 - 17:30	Q/A - end of the first day rem



## PROGRAMME OVERVIEW







General Secretary 1 and practical information

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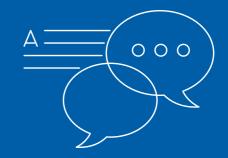
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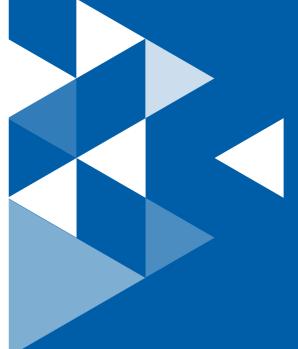
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### SATURDAY 9 APRIL

09:00 - 09:15	Introductory comments	
09:15 - 10:15	Elena Sheldon, International speaker Problematising contemporary English discourse for publication: Monolingualism vs. multilingualism & Q/A	
	Andrea Young, Discussant	
10:15 - 11:15	Josep Soler, Invited speaker Linguistic injustice and academic publishing in English: A debate and a case study	
	Linus Salö, Discussant	
11:15 - 11:30	Coffee break	
11:30 - 12:45	PANEL: Constructs of knowledge about language in HE and multilingualism	
11.50 - 12.45	Contributors: Antonella Sorace, Ianthi Tsimpli, Raphael Berthele, Paul Thibault	
	Coordinators: Bessie Dendrinos & Monica Barni	
12:45 - 13:45	Anne-Claude Berthoud, Invited speaker The multilingual challenge for the production of scientific knowledge	
	Nikolay Slavkov, Discussant	
13:45 - 14:30	Lunch break	
14:30 - 15:45	PANEL: The languaging of HE in the global South: De-colonizing the language of scholarship and pedagogy	
	Contributors: Sinfree Makoni, Cristine G. Severo, Ashraf Abdelhay, Anna Kaiper-Marquez	
	Coordinator: Cristine G. Severo	
15:45 - 17:00	PANEL: Multilingualism in research and teaching practices in HE	
13.43 17.00	Contributors: Laurent Gajo, Patchareerat Yanaprasart, Sílvia Melo-Pfeifer,	
	Roberto Paternostro, Ivana Vuksanović	
	Coordinator: Laurent Gajo	
17.00 17.20	Ressis Dendrings Sumposium closing	
17:00 - 17:30	Bessie Dendrinos: Symposium closing	



# ABSTRACTS



### WRITING AN EXPLICIT LANGUAGE POLICY FOR HE

#### Joseph Lo Bianco

Language policy writing, understood as a dynamic, collaborative and 'first principles' process of institutional review is a productive activity of accommodating institutions to the radically changed and challenging world of contemporary communication (Lo Bianco 2009, 2012). In this paper I will reflect on the HE language policy writing process undertaken at several universities where I have led or participated in policy writing teams (academics, students, outsider stakeholders, independent experts, university administrators among others) to examine normally taken for granted process of communication (teaching and learning language, literacy practices, institutional communication, values in language, student rights and inclusion etc) within particular faculties and across entire institutions. The use of a facilitated deliberation method (Lo Bianco 2007, 2017) and Carol Baachi's WPR are deployed to extend research findings and new concepts well beyond critique to explore implementation and concrete change (Bacchi 2012). Much critique suffers from the tendency to excess, and much policy suffers from the constraints of the practical. The method I will discuss aims to produce critical policy that also has traction in teaching, administration, and change in teaching, production of knowledge, management and interaction in institutions and the public face of HEI with the surrounding society. I will illustrate the talk with the experience of assisting the law faculty language policy at Peredeniya University Sri Lanka in the mid 2000s and the University of Melbourne 2019-2021 with a university-wide language policy.

#### **REPRODUCING INEQUALITY WHILE CELEBRATING DIVERSITY: AN ETHNOGRAPHY OF INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS' EMI LEARNING EXPERIENCES IN CHINA**

#### Han Yawen - 韩亚文

The adoption of EMI in higher education has gained remarkable popularity in China's universities as a result of the unprecedented globalisation and relentless internationalisation of HE. As such, international students have mushroomed in Chinese universities and are celebrated as part of soft power projection to extend China's global impact. Despite these welcoming discourses of diversity, in fact, international students in EMI programmes experience significant exclusion and inequality on account of various factors that are beyond their reach. The existing studies mainly focus on international students' EMI programmes in China's metropolitan cities where there are sufficient English learning and teaching resources. However, it still remains unknown how EMI programmes targeting international students might be implemented in an under-resourced context, particularly in China's peripheral regions. Informed by Piller's concept of "monolingual ways of seeing multilingualism" (2016), this study explores the incorporation and EMI learning outcomes of an under-researched group: international students from Bangladesh, Yemen and Uzbekistan at a university in China's Southwest borderland. The in-depth student/teacher interviews and ethnographic classroom observation converge to reveal that English proficiency is seen as the prerequisite for EMI and linguistic capital for individuals; many optimistically envisioned benefits of EMI only serve the privileged, the rich, and the elite, who have obtained the linguistic capital. Thus, English as a key requirement embedded in EMI courses marginalizes

those who lack the linguistic capital. EMI policy in China's higher education tends to perpetrate and accentuate educational inequalities despite celebratory diversity discourses. The study suggests that it is imperative to tackle the structural challenges confronting EMI international students and promote global Englishes language teaching (GELT) (Galloway & Rose, 2015) for international students in HE.

### MULTILINGUALISM AND DISCIPLINARY TEACHING AT THE UNIVERSITY OF STRASBOURG

#### Irini Tsamadou-Jacoberger

Strongly engaged in initiatives which contribute to its international opening and outreach, the University of Strasbourg asserts its role as a promoter and agent of multilingualism, as well as its willingness to strengthen the multilingual, multicultural and intercultural dimensions in its training and research.

In particular, our University's commitment is reflected in the offering of a large number of both widely spoken and lessused languages, disciplinary courses and training programmes in foreign languages.

This presentation will address the issues of multilingualism in the transmission of disciplinary knowledge and question the need for an explicit institutional language policy.

Taking into account the disciplinary courses proposed in languages other than French that are offered within international and French programmes at the University of Strasbourg, I will explore the choice of the languages in teaching, the relationship between different disciplinary fields and languages of instruction, as well as the concept of multilingualism.

Also, considering, on the one hand, the work of linguists and sociolinguists (Beacco: 2019; Berthoud: 2013, 2020; Gaio: 2013, 2020; Lasagabaster: 2015; Weber: 2013), specialized in the interaction between a dynamic multilingualism and the transmission of scientific knowledge, and, on the other hand, the engagements of the University of Strasbourg on the international scene, I will carry out a reflection and formulate some proposals for an explicit institutional language policy.

#### **PROMOTING MULTILINGUALISM IN HE** THROUGH UNIVERSITY RANKINGS

#### Michele Gazzola

University education is a considerable investment of time and money for students and their families, and the rankings promise to provide them with information on the guality of universities to guide their choices. European governments and universities have uncritically internalised the indicators used in commercial rankings such as QS and Times Higher Education, and have put in place measures to improve their position in the rankings. This presentation shows that the indicators currently used in these rankings have created a strong incentive structure that results in an artificial promotion of monolingualism in teaching and research in favour of English. This presentation provides some suggestions for modifying the indicators used with a view to promote multilingualism. In this perspective, a ranking (and the indicators that form part of it), becomes an instrument of language policy. By stimulating a spirit of emulation between universities, its use can lead to an evolution of practices more favourable to multilingualism.

#### THE LINGUISTIC IMAGINATION: CULTURAL ENSKILMENT, EMBODIMENT, AND LITERACIES OF LANGUAGING IN THE HUMAN ECOLOGY

#### Paul J. Thibault

The languaging approach that I develop in this paper rejects of knowledge otherwise at risk of loss from the human the idea that people use a determinate language system or knowledge base. code. Languaging is verbally constrained, heteroglossically diverse, embodied, ecologically embedded multimodal interaction that integrates persons, artefacts, technologies, and aspects of situation (Thibault, 2021a, 2021b). Languaging is a form of simulative action which operates on and activates the imagination. It involves the exploration and development LINGUISTIC INJUSTICE AND ACADEMIC PUBLISHING of modal possibilities in the affordances of the worlds of IN ENGLISH: A DEBATE AND A CASE STUDY languaging agents. Affordances (Gibson, 1986/1979) are Josep Soler relational--they are defined by the interactivity between the capacities and cultural skills of persons and the affordances In recent years, applied linguists have been engaged in of their environment. On this view, languaging functionally a debate on whether linguistic injustice exists or not in constrains and enables flows of imaginal processes that connection to publishing in English for academic purposes. In emerge in dialogically coordinated languaging between this presentation, I take issue with the way in which the debate persons and the affordances of their worlds. I propose an has been taking place, featuring as an important limitation a enactive-functional multimodal 'grammar' to explore different lack of a socially grounded conceptualisation of language. languaging practices (e.g., children's play and learning in Instead, a view of academic publishing in English seen from formal and informal settings) to illustrate the centrality of the an intersectionality perspective seems more productive so as imagination to how languaging functions. This has important to highlight the inherent inequalities and injustices present implications for how we think of knowledge-creation, in academic publishing in English. To further illustrate such teaching and learning. It also requires us to re-think the metalanguage injustices and inequalities, I draw on a case study, languages that we use to talk about languaging. I discuss developed in collaboration with colleagues, analysing the some videorecorded examples to illustrate the arguments of discourses of predatory publishers' spam emails, whose very the lecture. existence can be read as a straightforward sign of the way that academic publishing as a field is very unequally structured.

#### **PROBLEMATIZING CONTEMPORARY** ENGLISH DISCOURSE FOR PUBLICATION: MONOLINGUALISM VS MULTILINGUALISM

#### Elena Sheldon

Academic institutions in non-Anglophone countries are succumbing to the forces of globalisation by adopting Coordinators: Bessie Dendrinos, Monica Barni performance measurements based on English-language The construction of knowledge about language, as developed publications. These institutions welcome publications in elite though disciplinary discourses in university linguistics courses/ journals as they bring prestige and visibility. In fact, English programmes, affects students' attitudes towards languages has become the norm for tenure, employment, postdoctoral and language use, shapes ideologies towards language/ grants and other forms of funding. Socialisation into discourse hybridity or purism, contributes to sustaining or mainstream disciplinary communities can help researchers changing their monolingual or multilingual mindsets, governs from non-Anglophone countries who are usually pressured their understanding of how strict the boundaries between to publish in indexed journals; however, it is crucial to assist languages, language varieties and other semiotic modes are. multilingual researchers to avoid knowledge dependency on Anglocentric countries. One of the priorities of my research The purpose of this panel is to examine theories of language over the years has been to learn more about the struggles and paradigms of linguistic studies responding to the exigency encountered by multilingual scholars who are forced to enter for a multilingual turn in education and plurilingual pedagogies and sustain a career in a globalised academia that privileges consistent with social demands for inclusive societies, social one language, English, and about how any manifestation and epistemic justice. It also intends to discuss theories and of rhetorical difference from Anglophone normative rules paradigms conducive to multilingual ethoses of communication can reduce those researchers' opportunities to publish in academic contexts, as well as multilingual disciplinary/ internationally. scientific discourse and research. In this context, the issues to be raised relate to guestions about the discreteness of languages I argue that multilingual scholars are the main pillar of global or the study of languages as isolated and autonomous scholarship who, due to their distinctive contributions, can meaning systems, about the understanding of languages as not only enrich mainstream disciplinary knowledge but also fixed and stable systems or as inventions of social, cultural and provide unique insights. The contributions of multilingual political movements, about the benefit of linguistic analysis scholars combined provide richer knowledge than those of of the phonological, morphological, syntactical, semantic or monolingual researchers alone. In fact, plurilingalism brings pragmatic features/patterns of a single language, or research to the fore the power of languages in contemporary society, where cultural values and multilingual traditions are evident, into language crossings and related performative practices



and may be positive in the context of global multilingualism. Given the pressure to publish in English and the complexity of this process, a joint partnership between local, national and international network activities is recommended so that "scholars can engage locally and transnationally" (Lillis & Curry 2010: 61). This would help to secure the accumulation

#### PANEL: CONSTRUCTS OF KNOWLEDGE ABOUT LANGUAGE IN HE AND MULTILINGUALISM

Contributors: Antonella Sorace, Ianthi Tsimpli, Raphael Berthele, Paul Thibault

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#### THE MULTILINGUAL CHALLENGE FOR THE **PRODUCTION OF SCIENTIFIC KNOWLEDGE**

#### Anne-Claude Berthoud

The objective of my talk is to discuss questions related to the challenges of multilingualism for scientific practice, in particular approaches linked to the creation of new knowledge. The fundamental question posed is how and under what conditions multilingualism can be advantageous for scientific practice. shall show how multilingual approaches highlight the mediating role of language and, in doing so, optimize conceptualization and communication in science. However, this added value is linked to certain conditions. Among the factors examined are the different and changing values attached to languages, in particular, whether or not they are so-called languages of science. Languages are not considered as such but in their current use in the context of scientific practice. This is in line with the hypothesis that conceptual and discursive richness stem from the dynamics of exchanges, comparisons and transfers of good scientific practice, whatever the intrinsic value At A Time) or ALAST (All Languages At the Same Time) / ALAT of the languages involved may be. Hence the broader question is how all languages can contribute to the construction of new knowledge in a new type of exchange with the most widely used vehicular languages.

#### PANEL: MULTILINGUALISM IN THE CONTEXT OF **RESEARCH PRACTICES**

#### Contributors: Laurent Gajo, Patchareerat Yanaprasart, Sílvia Melo-Pfeifer, Roberto Paternostro, Ivana Vuksanović

#### Coordinator: Laurent Gajo

Under the pressure of the uniformization of scientific practices advocating the same norms and models of research, the diversity of scientific communities and cultures tends gradually to be homogeneous. Indeed, internationalization of scientific research implies the belief that "scientificity" can and should be reinforced by "monolingualism".

By raising the issue of multilingualism and internationalization in higher education in the fields of teaching and research practices, this panel aims to describe different models and practices assumed by language diversity in various academic settings. In the context of a multilingual Europe, the guestion is whether OLON (One Language Only) / ALAT (One Language (All Languages at All Times) represents an opportunity, and which of these two options constitutes a burden in the fields of internationalization of science, knowledge implementation diffusion, and research collaboration - evaluation.



## BIONOTES OF SPEAKERS (alphabetically)

#### PANEL: THE LANGUAGING OF HIGHER EDUCATION IN THE GLOBAL SOUTH: DECOLONIZING THE LANGUAGE OF SCHOLARSHIP AND PEDAGOGY

Contributors: Sinfree Makoni, Cristine G. Severo, Ashraf Abdelhay, Anna Kaiper-Marquez

#### Coordinator: Cristine G. Severo

This presentation draws from our recently published book, The Languaging of Higher Education in the Global South: Decolonizing the Language of Scholarship and Pedagogy (2022), to explore how notions of 'language' and 'the Global South' are integrated into higher education contexts worldwide. By bringing together three frames of analysis including southern theories and epistemologies of the south, integrational linguistics, and decolonization of language scholarship, we examine the relationships between knowledge production and language studies in diverse higher education contexts. Within our examination, we explicitly center our focus on four themes: (1) language and pedagogical practices formed from dialogue between southern perspectives and critical northern perspectives; (2) language policies in postcolonial academic contexts; (3) relationships between gender and southern epistemologies on the teaching of feminist literature; and, (4) the role of technology and decolonial practices in promoting access and facilitating creative knowledge production in higher education. Overall, we argue for decolonialization of applied linguistics specifically, and of higher educational more broadly, to fight against the 'epistemic injustice' often embedded in these fields and contexts.







ABDELHAY, Ashraf: Holds a PhD in the field of sociolinguistics from the University of Edinburgh. His research focuses on the cultural politics of language in Sudan with specific emphasis on the intersection of discourse, ideology and power relations. He has published his research in a number of journals in the field. He currently serves in the editorial boards of the International Journal of the Sociology of Language and the journal of Language Policy. The current project he is working on is the sociolinguistics of protesting (two volumes, co-edited with Cristine Severo and Sinfree Makoni). Email: aschraff200[at]gmail.com



ANDROULAKIS, George: Professor of Sociolinguistics and Language Teaching at the Department of Primary Education, Faculty of Human Sciences, University of Thessaly, Greece, and Director of the Greek Language and Multilingualism Laboratory. He is presently coordinating national, international and European research projects related to the language education of migrants and refugees. Email: androulakis[at]uth.gr



BARNI, Monica: Professor of Educational Linguistics at the Università per Stranieri of Siena, in Italy. She currently coordinates the research line Foreign Languages in Italy at the University's Center of Excellence for Research. Her research activity focus on teaching, learning and assessment of languages and analysis and impact of national and European language policies. Email: barni[at]unistrasi.it



BERTHELE, Raphael: Professor in Multilingualism at the University of Freiburg, Switzerland. He studied and worked at the Universities of Freiburg, Tübingen, Berkeley, and Berne. He co-founded the Freiburg Institute of Multilingualism. His research areas cover cognitive and social aspects of multilingual language learning and using. Email: raphael.berthele[at]unifr.ch



BERTHOUD, Anne-Claude: Professor Emerita (professeure honoraire) at the University of Lausanne (UNIL), Switzerland. She was Professor of General and Applied Linguistics at UNIL from 1982 to 2015. She is chair of the "Languages and science" CEL/ELC Working Group. She was the coordinator of the European Integrated Project DYLAN (Language Dynamics and Management of Diversity), funded under the 6th European Framework Programme, 2006-2011. Currently, her main research domain is the construction of knowledge in multilingual interaction. Email: anne-claude.berthoud[at]unil.ch



BOJAR, Ondřej: Associate professor at ÚFAL, Charles University, and a lead scientist in Machine Translation in the Czech Republic. He has been co-organizing WMT shared tasks since 2013. With ELITR, an EU project he is coordinating, he has been adding speech recognition and summarization to his expertise. Email: bojar@ufal.mff.cuni.cz



**DENDRINOS, Bessie:** ECSPM president, Professor Emerita at the National and Kapodistrian University of Athens (NKUA), Greece. Director of the Research Centre RCeL and chair of the scientific committee of the Centre of Excellence for Multilingualism and Language Policy of the NKUA, she is also president of the examination board of the KPG national multilingual proficiency testing suite in Greece. Her research and publications focus on the politics of foreign language teaching and testing, the hegemony of English, and ideological analysis of (multimodal) pedagogical texts. Email: vdendrin[at]enl.uoa.gr



FISHER, Linda: Professor in Languages Education, University of Cambridge, UK Education Strand Lead, the MEITS project and co-investigator, Education strand of Creative Multilingualism. Her current research interests are in multilingualism, multilingual identity, motivation, the academic and social integration of learners with English as an Additional Language, second language teacher education, and metaphor in relation to belief formation. Email: lgf20[at]cam.ac.uk





GAJO, Laurent: Professor at the University of Geneva, Head of the School of French Language and Civilization. His research interests focus on bilingual classroom interaction, multilingualism in education, multilingualism in science and language policy. Email: laurent.gajo[at]unige.ch



GAZZOLA, Michele: Lecturer in Public Policy and Administration at the School of Applied Social and Policy Sciences at the University of Ulster. He has an interdisciplinary research profile focused on the analysis and evaluation of language policy, and on the study of the economic and social aspects of multilingualism. He is editor of the journal Language Problems & Language Planning. Email: m.gazzola[at]ulster.ac.uk



GÍSLADÓTTIR, Guðrún: General Secretary of ECSPM, co-chair of EARights, fine arts photographer and translator, she studied Scandinavian Languages and Linguistics. A polyglot, she is author of "Languages as ways of being: The linguistic biography of a Nordic nomad", in The Dominant Language Constellations Approach in Education and Language Acquisition (Springer 2021). Email: cc[at]gudrun.cc



HAN, Yawen - 韩亚文: Associate Professor in the School of Foreign Languages at Southeast University (SEU), China. He is part of the core faculty within the Second Language Studies Phd/MA Program. He is the executive director of the Research Center on Language Policy for Asia-Pacific Countries in the Jiangsu Province. His primary area of research is language-in-education policy, minority education, and internationalization in higher education, though he researches other issues in second language acquisition, including the role of working memory, language aptitude and corrective feedback in language acquisition. Email: harryhanyawen[at]126.com



KAIPER-MARQUEZ, Anna: Associate Director and Assistant Teaching Professor of the Institute for the Study of Adult Literacy and the Goodling Institute for Research in Family Literacy at Pennsylvania State University. Her research foci include English language learning in international contexts, adult and family literacy practices in urban and carceral settings, and language practices and methodologies in the Global South. Email: axk1222[at]psu.edu



LAMB, Terry: Professor of Languages and Interdisciplinary Pedagogy at the University of Westminster, and Director of its Centre for Teaching Innovation. He has published extensively in the areas of learner autonomy, multilingualism and language teacher development. He has been involved in numerous research projects, including several at the ECML of the Council of Europe. He has been awarded the honour of Chevalier des Palmes Académiques by the French Prime Minister. He is Vice President of FIPLV (Fédération Internationale des Professeurs de Langues Vivantes). Email: T.Lamb[at]westminster.ac.uk







LO BIANCO, Joseph: Professor Emeritus of Language and Literacy Education at the University of Melbourne, and a past president of the Australian Academy of the Humanities. He specialises in language policy studies, bilingualism and intercultural education and research and action on peace and conflict in multi-ethnic settings. Email: j.lobianco[at]unimelb.edu.au



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